

Mexico's Manufacturing Supply Chain Summit

Conference - B2B - Plant Visits

EL Paso, Texas March 27-28, 2014





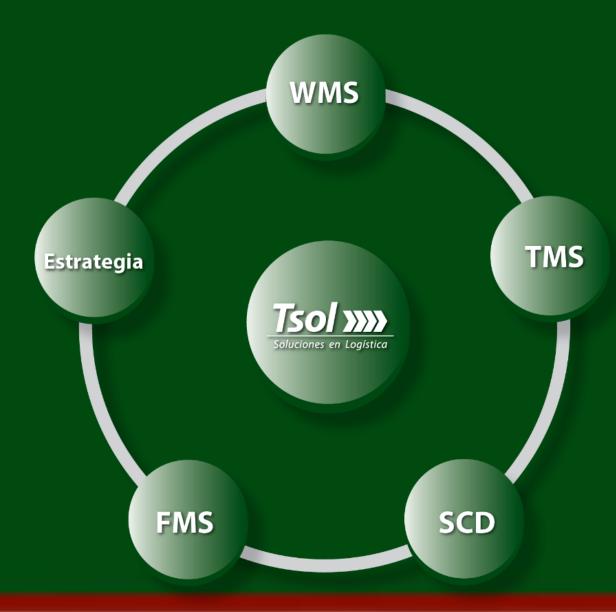






D. D. 2014 Teolog C. do D.I. do C.V. Alwana Obnarán No. 257 DD. Col. Dama C.D. 06700 Márrico D.





"Tsol offers technology solutions and consulting services in the supply chain management field for shippers and service providers in Mexico and Latin America."









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Yes, violent crime is an issue . . .



AFP/Getty Images



And there are powerful criminals,



It is also about entrepreneurs and success



PRezi

Mexico It's not only labor...





... but first tier industrial operations





It's an important gate to the biggest market in the world and an strategic location.

Customs-Trade

Partnership Against Terrorism

BUILDING PARTNERSHIPS • PROTECTING FREEDOM







The Economist

NOVEMBER 24/10-307H 2012

-

Old battles, new Middle East Tech firms' radical economists Will Spain come apart? How lawsuits hobble the art market China's young mandarins

The rise of Mexico

Economist.com

A 14-PAGE SPECIAL REPORT



CSCMP Introduces Its General Session Speakers

Monday, October 21 - Keynote Speaker

Expansion, Innovation, and Transformation: What It Takes to Lead

The supply chain profession has become critical to organizations around the world, as well as to countries and their economies. Managing trade between Mexico and the United States is critical to the success of all. Hear the former president of Mexico, President Felipe Calderón (2006-2012), share his perspective on how to ensure countries continue to open economic ties and to face the challenges which may exist.

President Felipe Calderón helped launch Mexico into the 21st century and improved its competitiveness in the global sphere. He established himself as a powerful leader who could get things done. Named one of TIME magazine's "100 Most Influential People in the World," he confronted issues head on in order to elevate Mexico to a global powerhouse. In this insightful presentation, President Calderón will offer key insights into strategic policymaking and implementing long-term solutions in this interdependent world.

October 23 - Wednesday's Closing Session

What If and Why Not?

We hear it all the time, "We need to think outside the box," right? So... how exactly does one do that? In his hilarious, musically amazing, motivational session, Mike Rayburn does what no other presenter can do. Not only is he a world-class guitarist and stand-up comedian, he is an authority on personal development and human potential. In this energetic presentation, he uses his guitar and comedy to teach three simple, powerful tools attendees can use immediately and forever to access their unrealized potential, to look at old things in a new way, and to leap beyond their perceived limitations. These are the tools which took Mike from playing for seven people in a bar in Virginia to standing ovations at Carnegie Hall. They work for anyone and everyone, always.





Enrique Peña Nieto- Mexico´s President

"Mexico has favorable conditions and in order to optimize them we must develop our productivity by accelerating our capacity to build infrastructure. The international lesson is clear: economic welfare and growth is given by better infrastructure and increased competitiveness. "

"Our objective as an administrative organization is to transform Mexico into a high value added global logistics center. Next to better infrastructure, technological and innovational investments and increased productive chains we will make use of our geographical location to generate profit for all Mexicans."

This strategy will take into consideration four factors: regional development, demographic tendency, economic vocations and international connectivity requirements.

Road industry will be modernized by enlarged highways going through the national territory. Besides building the Mexico-Queretaro, Mexico-Toluca, Yucatán-Quintana Roo railways, short ways and rail relocation will also be considered to connect nodes from the national system logistic platforms.

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Leadership and agreement

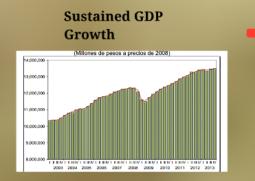








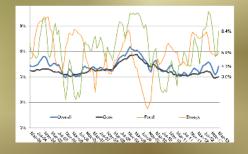
Economic indicators



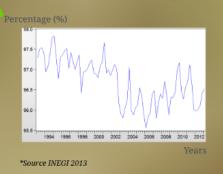
*Source INEGI 2013



Stability (inflation)



*Source INEGI 2013

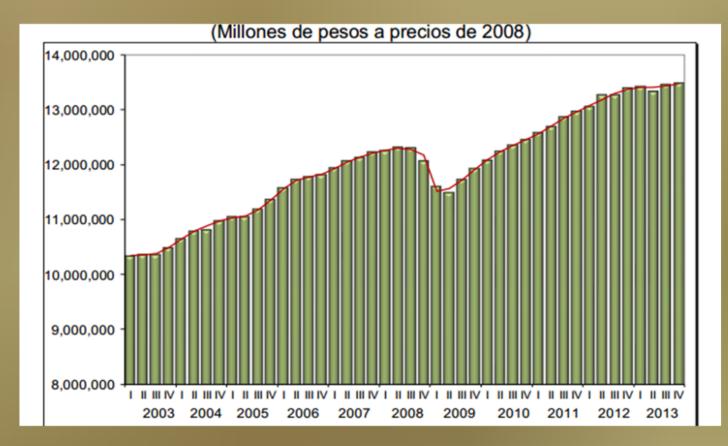


Economically Active Population





Sustained GDP Growth

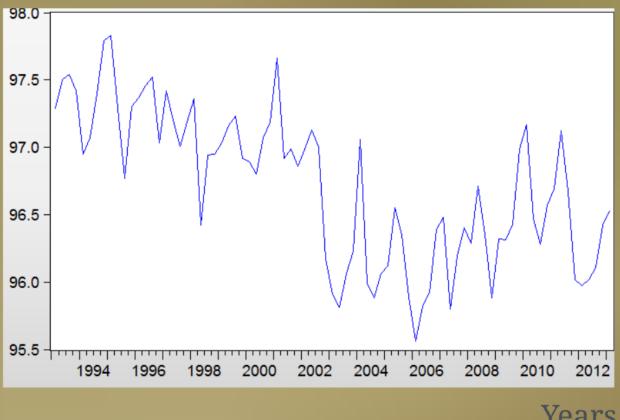


*Source INEGI 2013

PREZI

Economically Active Population

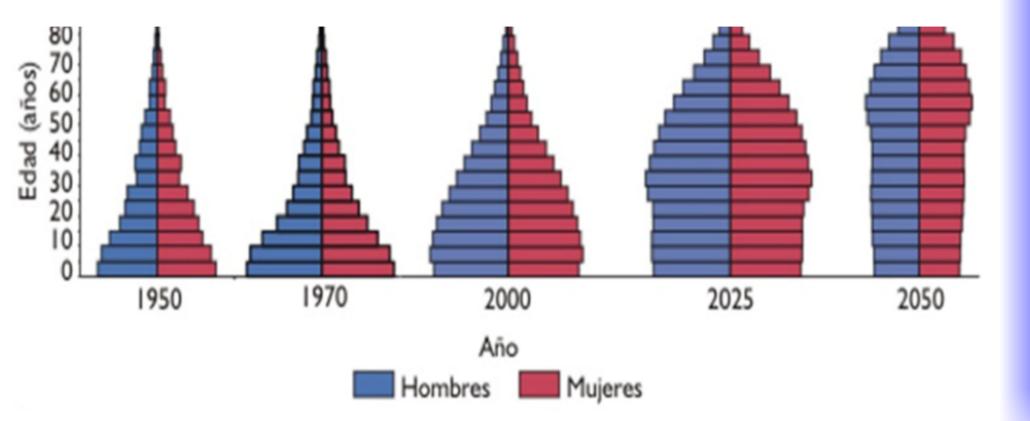
Percentage (%)



Years

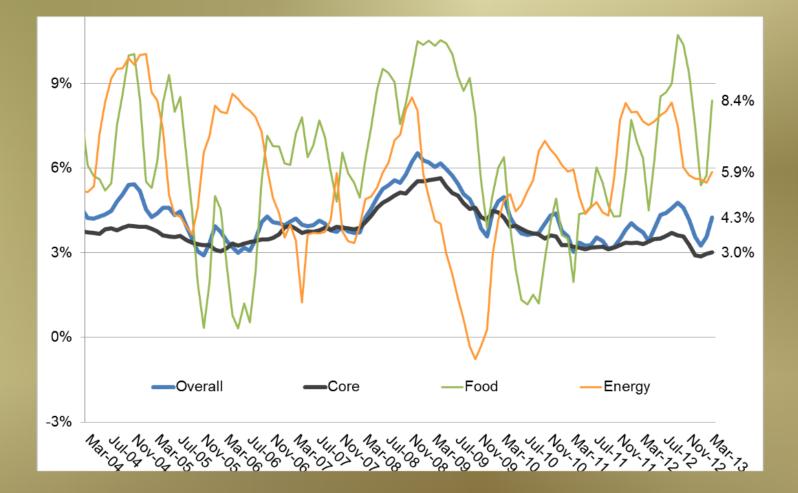
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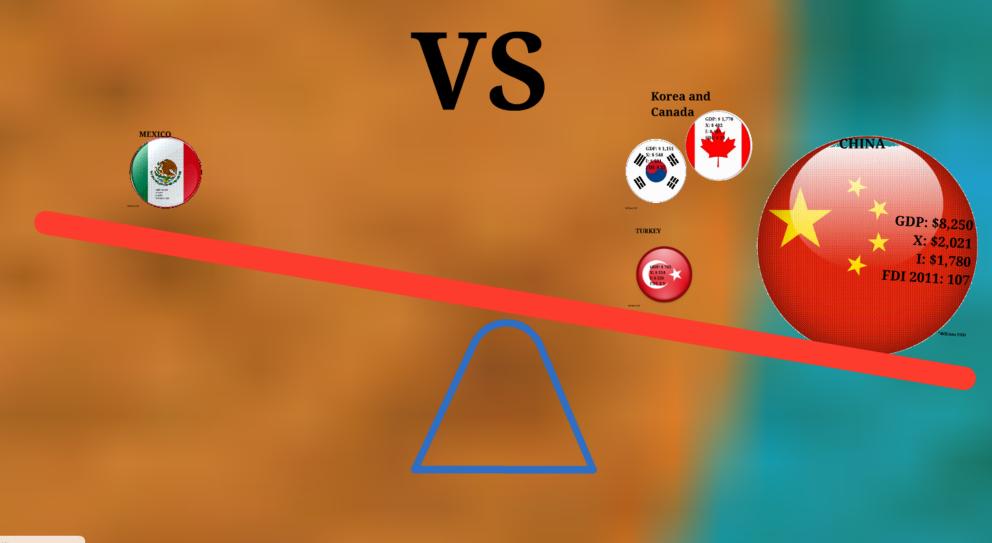
Stability (inflation)



*Source INEGI 2013



Comparing economies







PREZI



GDP: \$ 783 X: \$ 154 I: \$ 226 FDI: \$ 5

*Billions USD

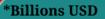




PREZI



GDP: \$8,250 X: \$2,021 I: \$1,780 FDI 2011: 107

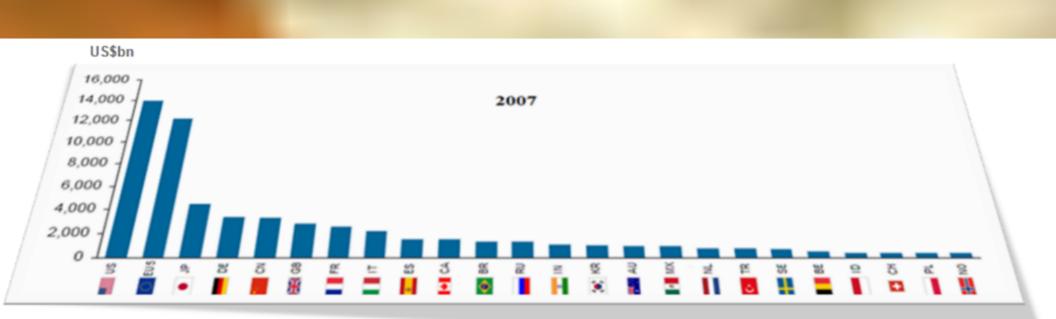




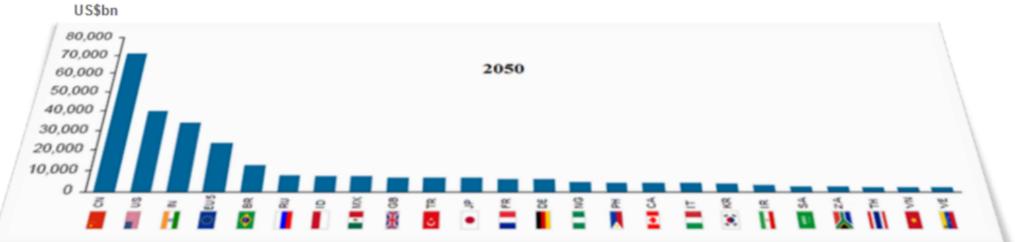
\$ 1,770

182





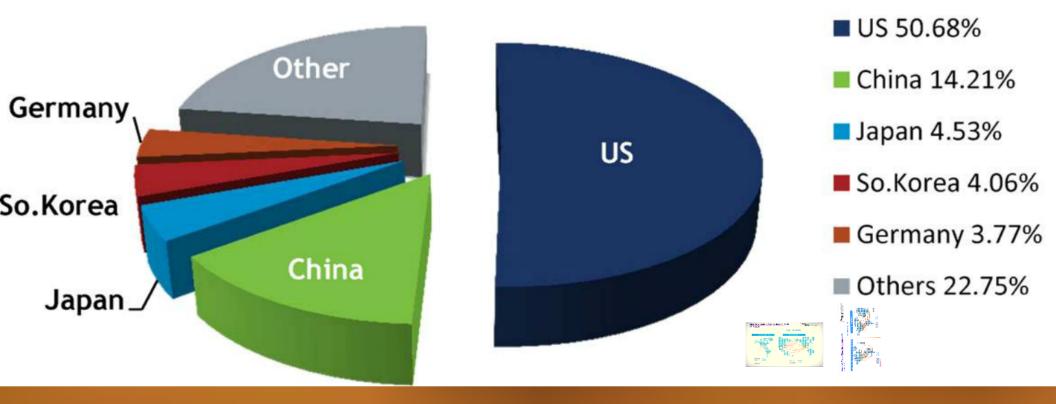
International GDP and forecast





MEXICO'S TOP SOURCES FOR IMPORTS

BASED ON DATAMYNE MEXICAN DATA JANUARY-MAY 2011/FOB US\$ VALUE



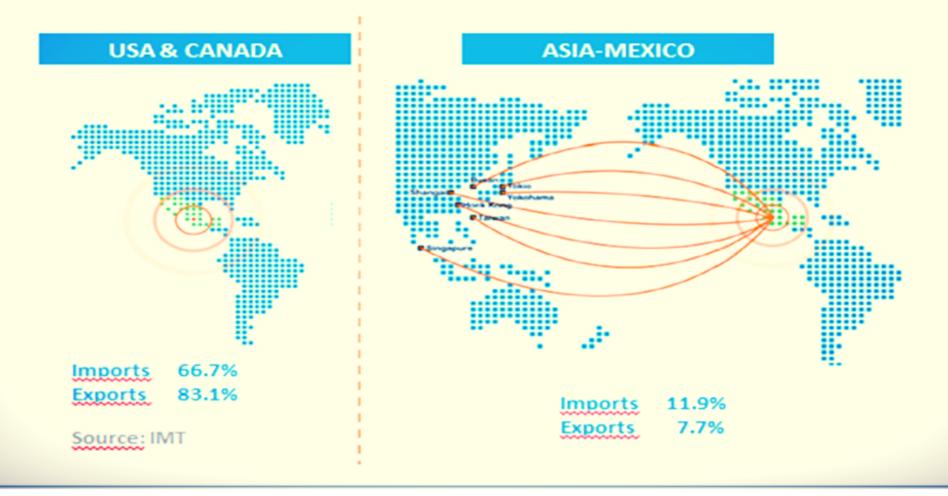


Mexico's Trade Flows by Region 2010



(% of Value)

MARITIME FLOWS





Mexico's Trade Flows by Region 2010 (% of Value)



CENTRAL AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN Imports 0.1% Exports 1.0%

Source: IMT

MARITIME FLOWS



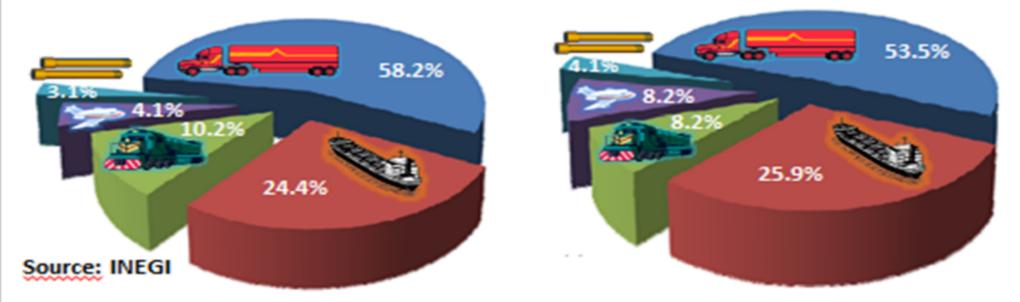
Prezi

Mexico's Foreign Trade Flows by Transportation mode 2010

(By Value)







- Mexico has a free market economy in the trillion dollar class.
- It contains a mixture of modern and outmoded industry and agriculture, increasingly dominated by the private sector.
- Recent administrations have expanded competition in seaports, railroads, highways, telecommunications, electricity generation, natural gas distribution, and airports.

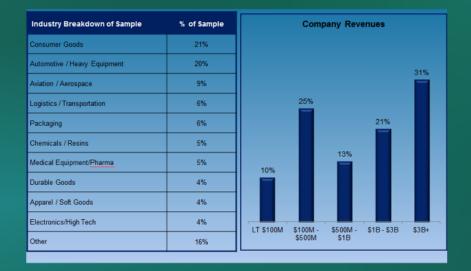


Nearshoring Survey

By Alix Partners, September 19, 2013



Survey demographics: Over 10 different industries, a broad range of company sizes

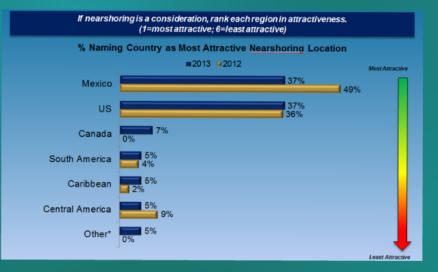




Industry Breakdown of Sample	% of Sample	Company Revenues			
Consumer Goods	21%				
Automotive / Heavy Equipment	20%	31%			
Aviation / Aerospace	9%				
Logistics / Transportation	6%	25%			
Packaging	6%	21%			
Chemicals / Resins	5%				
Medical Equipment/Pharma	5%	13%			
Durable Goods	4%				
Apparel / Soft Goods	4%				
Electronics/High Tech	4%	LT \$100M \$100M - \$500M - \$1B - \$3B \$3B+			
Other	16%	\$500M \$1B			



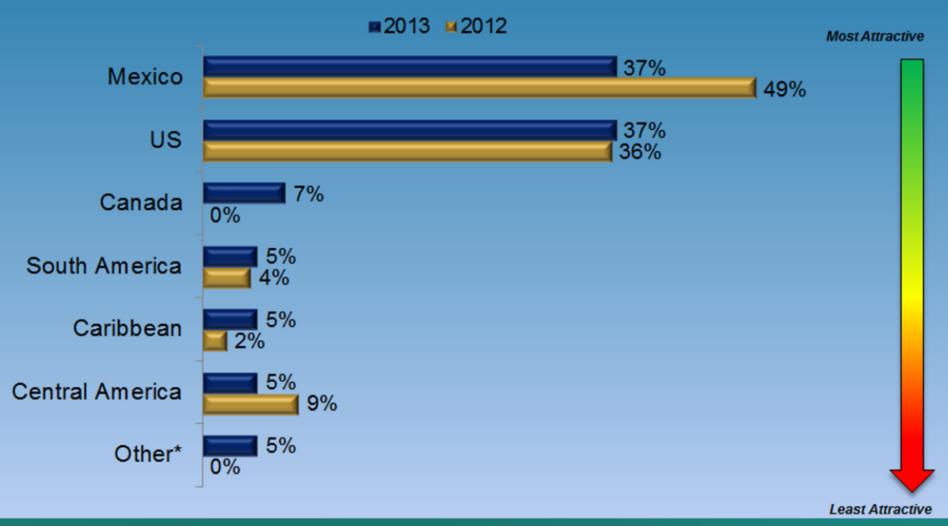
Among the respondents for whom nearshoring is a consideration, Mexico and the U.S. are the most attractive locations





If nearshoring is a consideration, rank each region in attractiveness. (1=most attractive; 6=least attractive)

% Naming Country as Most Attractive Nearshoring Location





Lower freight costs and improved speed to market remain the most attractive advantages expected from nearshoring



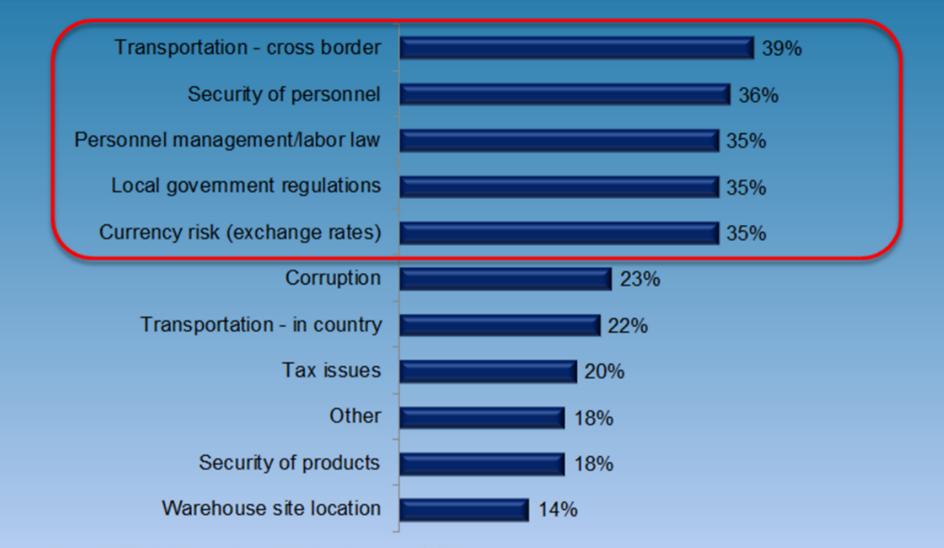


Biggest Challenges: Transportation, security, personnel, local government and currency risk





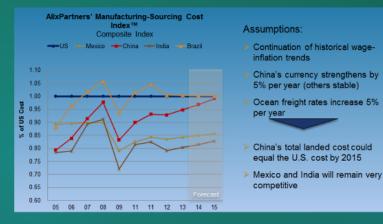
What are the biggest challenges you have had or expect to have with nearshoring operations?



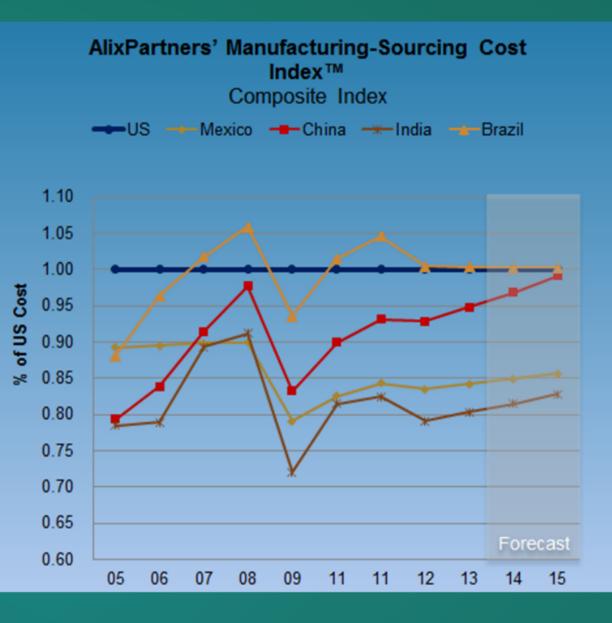
Respondents were asked to select top three choices; totals will add to more than 100%



The Alix Partners Manufacturing Outsourcing Cost Index shows support for Mexico's recent approval ratings in the executive survey...







Assumptions:

- Continuation of historical wageinflation trends
- China's currency strengthens by 5% per year (others stable)
- Ocean freight rates increase 5% per year
- China's total landed cost could equal the U.S. cost by 2015
- Mexico and India will remain very competitive



Transitioning to low cost countries will not likely happen overnight...

Considerations against rapid production relocation

- Capital hurdles (tooling, transition costs)
- Contract commitments o economies of scale
- Savings sensitivity (e.g. exchange rate outlook)
- Regulatory approval (FDA, FAA, ISO9000, etc.)
 Costumer control and approvals

Current source countries like China will not give up easily

- Maintains a labor capacity and scale that is unique
 Reinstated Value Added Tax (VAT) rebate programs for many exported products that were being phased out in 2008
- Aggressive monetary policy to control the strength of the local currency
- Taking actions to keep domestic material costs relatively low



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O Prezi

There may be profound implications of these trends on transportation and logistics providers in the near-term and beyond

Potential Winners

Potential Losers

Ground Transportation (TL and LTL): The carriers that adapt to new (or returning) repatriated manufacturing clients are positioned for growth
Brokers: With an increase of Mexican manufactured goods destined for the US market, the north/south corridors service providers and cross-border are expected to benefit

 Select Rail Providers: Operators of north/south rail networks will benefit from increases in Mexico manufacturing

 Ocean Carriers: Ocean freight providers are suffering record levels of distress and over-capacity. Any repatriation from Asia to the Americas further exacerbates the problem for West Coast lines

 West Coast Ports: Repatriation of production means a direct elimination of port volume

Freight Forwarders and Airlines will lose air cargo volumes



logistics providers in the near-term and beyond

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INFRASTRUCTURE



Logistics improvements in Mexico



In 5 years Mexico:

- Improved 9 places
- Improved 0.19 points



Major logistics corridors and service providers in the Country

(Railroad System and North-American Gateway)





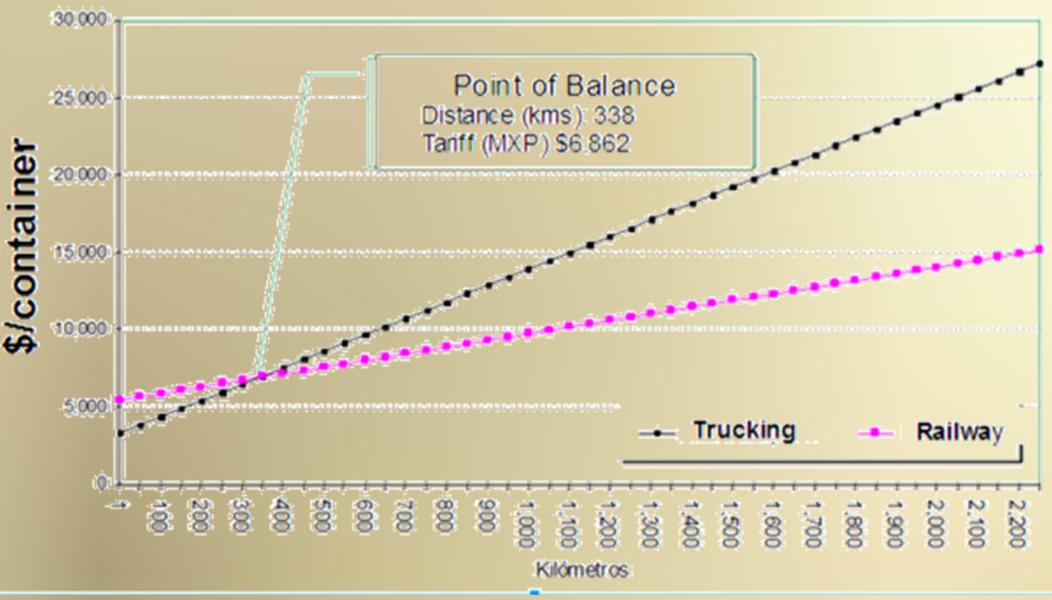
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Mexico railway cargo growth

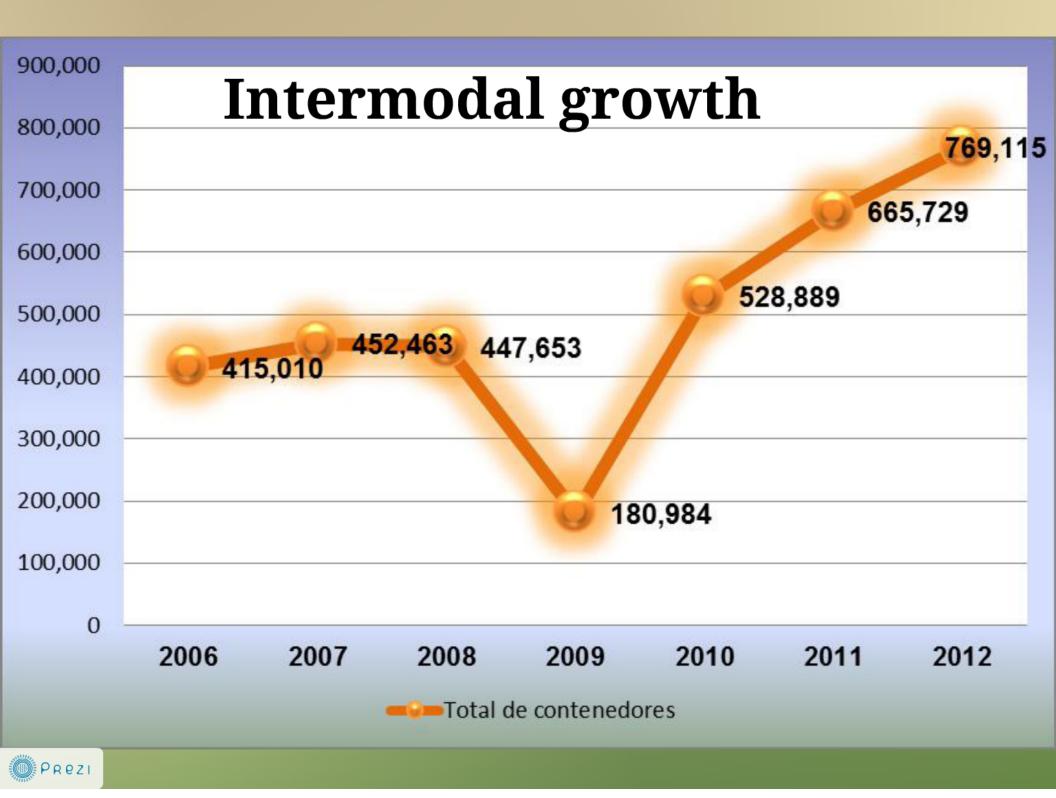


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Trucking and railway tariffs for containers transportation





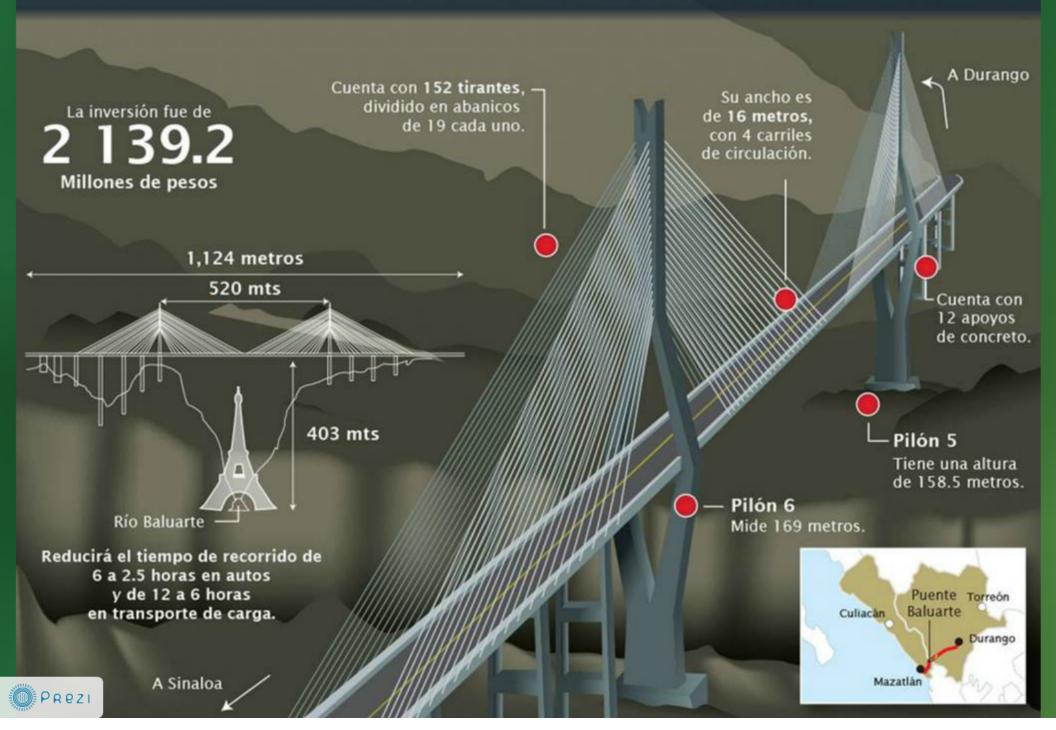


HIGHWAYS:NATIONAL COVERAGE



Puente Baluarte

Es el puente atirantado más alto del mundo.



World's largest suspension bridge



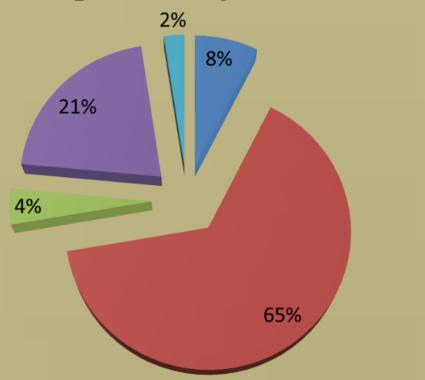
Top 10 trucking companies represent less than 9% of public fleet

Ranking	Company	Tractors	
1	Transportistas Unidos Mexicanos	712	
2	Castores	630	
3	Auto líneas América	529	
4	Transportes Cuauhtémoc	526	
5	Tres Guerras	490	
6	Julián de Obregón	400	
7	Auto Líneas Regiomontanas	300	
8	тмм	300	
9	Frialsa	289	
10 Prezi	Hercel	283	

Airports: Mexico City remains the Major Hub



Freight managed in principal mexican airports (ton/year)

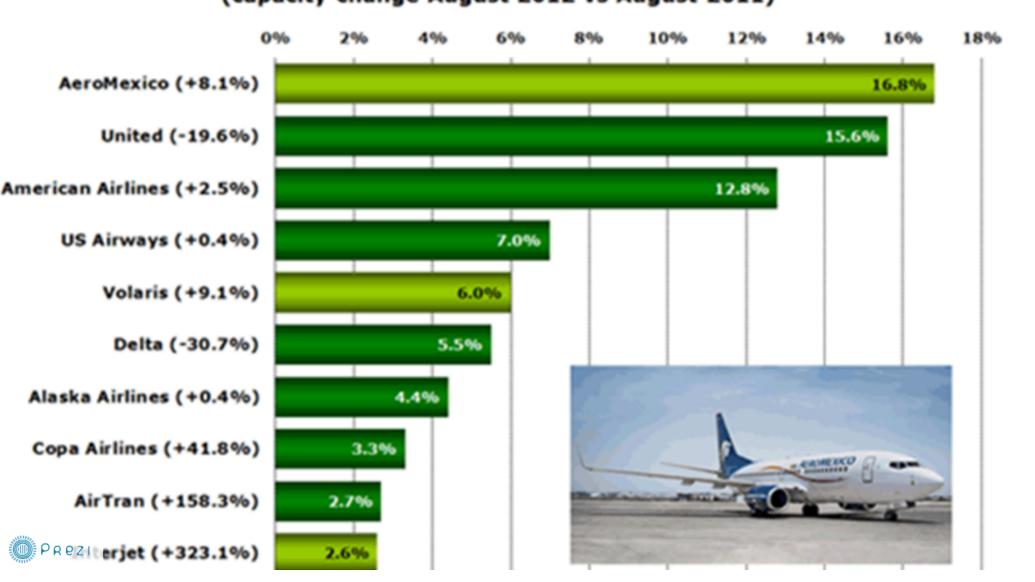


- Monterrey 46,000
- AICM 400,000
 - Cancun 26,000
- Guadalajara 130,000
- Tijuana 15,00



Service providers

Mexico's top 10 international airlines By share of seat capacity (capacity change August 2012 vs August 2011)



Port Overview

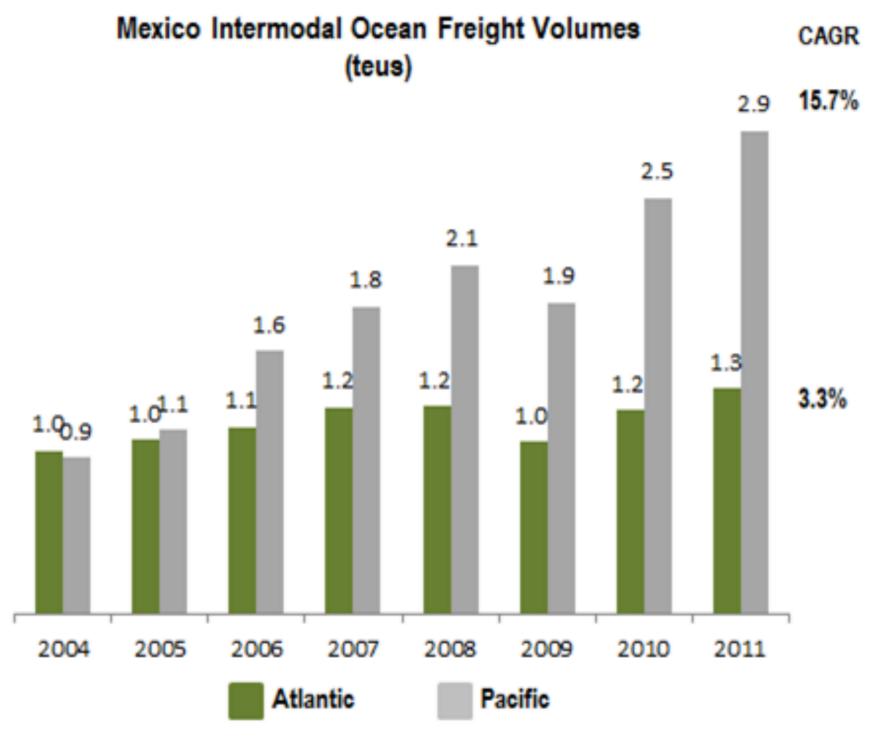


Port Statistics - Containers

Mexican Ports ranked by Volume (,000 TEU)									
Ranking	Port	Gross Throughput	Net Throughput	Net Imports	Net Exports	% Imports	% Exports		
1	Manzanillo	1,900	1,440	860	580	1 60%	40%		
2	Lazaro Cardenas	1,200	850	530	320	1 62%	4 38%		
3	Veracruz	800	610	370	240	1 61%	4 39%		
4	Altamira	580	405	140	265	4 35%	65%		
5	Ensenada	140	92	32	60	4 35%	1 65%		
Total		4,620	3,397	1,932	1,465	157%	43%		

Top 5 ports handle 95% of containerized cargo
 Pacific ports concentrate over 50% of overall volumes
 Imports are predominant in the three most important ports





DOMESTIC:

- -ACCEL
- -ALMER
- -ALSUR
- -ARGO
- -FRIALSA
- -GNK
- -GRUPO LOGISTICS
- -GRUPO PORTEO
- -PONDISA
- -GPL
- -MyM
- -ONEST
- -PLANUS
- -SPAA
- -TMM LOGISTICS
- -WTC CONFIANZA
- -ZIMAG

And last but not least: Top 3PLs in Mexico

INTERNATIONAL: -APL/VASCOR -CELADON -CEVA -CH ROBINSON -EXPEDITORS -FEDEX LOGISTICS -HELLMANN -JB HUNT -MENLO -NIPPON EXPRESS -PANALPINA -RYDER LOSITICS -UPS SCS -UTI -YOBEL



Public Sector Initiatives

Ministry of Economy:

- Logistics Competitiveness Agenda
- Supply Chain Performance Evaluation. Survey of national indicators (3 studies)
- Management Committee of Logistics Competences
- National Logistics Award (with CSCMP and Expologistica)
- Reliable Logistics Processes Seal : Distinction will be awarded to companies that demonstrate that they have capabilities to deliver complete and on time orders, providing better customer service. Evaluates 16 capabilities, one of which is import and export processes.
- Prologyca Fund (Competitiveness Program in Logistics and Distribution) for the modernization of supply centers.









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